**COP26 Side Event**

Reporting on the Impacts of Response Measures: a Case Study on Ghana

***Draft Agenda***

*Meeting is under Chatham House Rules*

**Date:** November 3, 2021

**Time**: 18:00-19:30 Glasgow time

**Location:** Scottish Event Campus (SEC), Business Hub IETA Side Event Room, Hall 5 on Ground Floor

During this event, the Roundtable on Climate Change and Sustainable Transition (ERCST) will present the final results and main findings of the project **“Reporting on the Impacts of Response Measures: a Case Study on Ghana”.** This project was jointly implemented with the Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana.

**The topic of response measures has been part of the UNFCCC discussion over the years**, with Article 4.8 of the Convention being seen as a basis for the addressing their impacts, together with Articles 2.3 and 3.14 of the Kyoto Protocol and Article 4.15 of the Paris Agreement.

**What are “response measures” and why they matter?** To alleviate the adverse effects of climate change, countries implement mitigation policies, also known as “response measures”. These response measures may have negative or positive cross-border economic and social impacts on developing countries.

**What is the objective of the project?** ERCST and the EPA in Ghana have been working together on identifying, measuring and analysing the impacts of the implementation of response measures in Ghana. The work has been undertaken as a “live” iterative activity, with work done, followed by webinars with local stakeholders and response measures negotiators, in order to gather feedback, refine the methodology and foster capacity building among relevant stakeholders.

**The methodology, developed by ERCST,** to report on the socio-economic impacts of response measures follows six steps:

**Step 1**: Describe the country and its characteristics

**Step 2:** Identifying important sectors to the Ghanaian economy

**Step 3:** Identify sectors potentially vulnerable to international response measures

**Step 4:** Identify relevant response measures

**Step 5:** Assessing the impacts of international response measures

**Step 6:** Look at possible domestic and international tools and support which may be needed to address the impacts

The event will start with the presentation of the methodology, process followed, and data challenges encountered, as well as the details of the modelling exercise. Afterwards the main findings of the different steps of the case study and results from the modelling will be presented along with its implications on the Ghanaian economy. Lastly key stakeholders will provide reactions to the case study and Q&A session will follow.

**18:00 CEST Welcome remarks**

* A. Marcu, ERCST
* A. Tutuah Mensah, Environmental Protection Agency Ghana

**18:10 Presentation of country case study ‘Reporting on the Impacts of Response Measures: a Case Study on Ghana’**

During this session, ERCST will present the results of the case study, including the main socio-economic impacts of response measures on the Ghanaian economy and the proposed domestic and international tools to address these impacts.

The methodology used for the case study, the main steps and process followed, and the data challenges encountered will also be presented. Lastly, the University of Hohenheim will present the process and main results of the modelling exercise as part of Step 5 of the methodology.

 **Case study methodology and main findings**

* M. Monciatti, ERCST

**Modelling results**

* D. Flaig, University of Hohenheim
* S. McDonald, University of Hohenheim

**18:40 Reactions**

Invited speakers will provide reactions and feedback on the case study and stress its relevance for the advancement of the work of KCI and the Forum. This will also be an opportunity to discuss the continuity of the development of country case studies on reporting the impacts and identifying the opportunities of international response measures.

* A. Anger Kraavi, EU
* P. Govindasamy, Singapore
* A. Tutuah Mensah, Ghana

**19:10 Q&A Session**

**19:30 End of Meeting**