

Chair's reflection notes:

1. Renewable energy in integrated grids & Art 6

2. **Registries**

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Andrei Marcu Dana Agrotti



Roundtable on Climate Change and Sustainable Transition

ERCST

Roundtable on Climate Change and Sustainable Transition

RE on Integrated Grids & Art 6

• This is a common situation in Asia, Africa, Latin America, NA, Europe – and

will increase

| | Capacity | Share of renewables | Grid Emission Factor | Mitigation outcome | |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| US - Canada | 10 GW | 63.8% | - | - | |
| Nordic Grid | 68 GW | 8.08% (5.49 GW) | - | - | |
| ELTAM Project | 4.5 GW | 0% | - | - | |
| Bhutan - India | 1.460 GW | 99.44% (1.452GW) | 1.004 tCO ₂ /MWh | - | |
| West Africa Power Pool | 15.49 GW | 68.9% (10.67GW) | 0.562 _a tCO2/MWh, 0.561 _b tCO2/MWh | - | |
| Southern African Power Pool | 61.86 GW | 29% (17.96GW) | 0.9481 _c tCO2/MWh, 0.9871 _d tCO2/MWh | - | |
| Mekong Basin: Nam Lik 1-2 | 100 MW | 100% | 0.58604 tCO ₂ /MWh | 1,452,586 tCO ₂ e | |
| SIEPAC project | 300 MW | 46% | - | - | |



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• They were recognized under the CDM

| Title | Host country | Host country 2 | Province/ state | Status | Туре | Sub-type | Methodology | 1st period ktCO2e/yr |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Dagachhu | Bhutan | India | Dagana | Registered | Hydro | Run of river | ACM0002 | 499 |
| Upper Marsayangdi- 2 | Nepal | India | Gandaki | Validation Terminated | Hydro | Run of river | ACM0002 | 2007 |
| Félou | Mali | Mauritania Senegal | Kayes | Registered | Hydro | Run of river | ACM0002 | 188 |
| Nam Lik 1-2 | Lao PDR | Thailand | Vientiane | Registered | Hydro | New dam | ACM0002 | 208 |
| Nam Lik 1 | Lao PDR | Thailand | Vientiane | Registered | Hydro | Run of river | ACM0002 | 122 |



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Some assumptions

- ITMOs and MO do not have to be in the same metric
- MOs, when they become ITMOs, are tradable further, that is, they are not a bilateral undertaking only
- Only one ITMO characteristic can be used at any time in one jurisdiction towards its NDC
- A Corresponding Adjustment is done to the NDC related number
 - at issuance or <u>first transfer</u> of an ITMO by the Issuing Party (Party where MO is produced and which exports the ITMO for the first time)
 - at the time of ITMOs <u>use towards its NDC</u> by the Using Party (Party which uses the ITMO towards the NDC or towards another purpose recognized under the Paris Agreement).

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 Issuing Party (IP) makes a CA at first transfer. The CA remains "open" until the Using Party uses the ITMOs towards its NDC. Further transfers are tracked (buffer/interchange account) but the CA to match that of the Issuing Party will only be made by a Using Party at the time of use towards an NDC.



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India-Bhutan Example

- Bhutan sells RE electricity to India
- Reduction of GHG in India (decrease in CO2 emissions)
- By India- Bhutan agreement they share GHG reduction benefit:
 - India does a CA to its GHG emissions (increase in inventory balance NDC)
 - Bhutan does a CA (decrease in inventory balance, increase in negativity)



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Conclusions

- Mitigation action and mitigation outcome can take in different countries
- Recognition is not different from RE in one country: payment for electricity and for credits
- Benefits of cooperation will be recognized by voluntary international agreement as long as there is a CA and avoidance of double counting
- ITMOs can be in different metrics